LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-13. (cancelled).

Claim 14. (currently amended) A prefabricated relief form member for receiving and retaining <u>cementitious</u> [cementitous] coating when the form member is attached to a prepared structural wall, the member comprising;

woven wire mesh bent to form a top, spaced apart sides and flanges extending oppositely from the sides; to define a channel <u>having a hollow interior</u>;

paper backing fixed to the channel <u>interior</u>; and absent any other structural support members.

Claim 15. (original) The prefabricated relief form member of Claim 14 further comprising corner bead members fixed to the corners of the channel formed by the top and the sides.

Claim 16. (original) The prefabricated relief form member of Claim 14 further wherein the woven wire mesh is of the self furring type.

Claim 17. (first amendment). The prefabricated relief form member of Claim 15 [6] wherein the corner bead members have [member has] a portion of at least one of their [its] side extensions cut off.

Claim 18 (cancelled).

Claim 19 (cancelled).

Claim 20 (currently amended). A method of making a relief form member for attachment as an architectural feature to an exterior wall comprising;

starting with <u>wire members welded together to form</u> an elongated <u>welded wire structure</u> [metal member having openings therein];

bending the elongated <u>welded wire structure to form</u> [metal member to have] a <u>hollow</u> channel defined by a top and sides and to have corner aids at the corners of the top and sides formed integrally from the <u>elongated welded wire structure</u> [metal member];

using fasteners, attaching the relief member to the exterior wall of structure;

employing no other structural support member;

applying cementitious material in a plurality of layers, at least the first layer using the corner aids as guides to control application of the cementitious material thereby forming on the exterior wall an architectural feature defined by the shape of the surface of the cementitious material applied over the hollow channel formed by the welded wire members.

Claim 21 (currently amended). The method of claim [21] $\underline{20}$ further comprising;

applying an elongated paper member on the interior of the channel and applying hot glue to hold the paper to the metal channel member.

Claim 22 (cancelled). The method of claim 20 wherein the elongated metal member is made of wire members welded together.

Claim 23 (new). The method of claim 20 wherein the shape of the surface defines a rectangular cross section